



TEST REPORT	
IEC 62471	
Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems	
Report reference No.....: LCS191016111BS	
Tested by	Zero Huang (Project Engineer)
Check by	Ian Luo (Director)
Approved by.....	Jesse Liu (Manager)
Date of issue	August 01, 2020
Contents.....	14 pages
Testing laboratory	
Name	Shenzhen Southern LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Address	101-201, No.39 Buliding, Xialang Industrial Zone, Heshuikou Community, Matian Street, Guangming District, Shenzhen, China
Testing location.....	As above
Client	
Name	DIMON Technology Limited
Address.....	Suite 14, 11/F Cheung Hing Industrial Building, 23 Tai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.
Manufacturer	
Name	DIMON Technology Limited
Address.....	Suite 14, 11/F Cheung Hing Industrial Building, 23 Tai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.
Test specification	
Standard.....	IEC 62471: 2006
Test procedure	Compliance with IEC 62471: 2006
Non-standard test method	N/A



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Test item Description	LED CEILING LIGHT
Trademark	DIMON TECHNOLOGY
Model and/or type reference	DYNON-15W (3000K)
Rating(s).....	AC220-240V, 50/60Hz, 15W
Test item particulars	
Lamp Type.....	LED Lamps
Emission Condition.....	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Continuous wave emission <input type="checkbox"/> Pulse emission
Test case verdicts	
Test case does not apply to the test object ..	N (N/A)
Test item does meet the requirement	P(Pass)
Test item does not meet the requirement ...	F(Fail)
Testing	
Date of receipt of test item	July 30, 2020
Date(s) of performance of test	July 31, 2020
Lamp classification group	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exempt <input type="checkbox"/> Risk 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Risk 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Risk 3

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General remarks

This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

The test results presented in this report relate only to the item tested.

"(see remark #)" refers to a remark appended to the report.

"(see Annex #)" refers to an annex appended to the report.

Throughout this report a comma is used as the decimal separator.

Modified Information

Version	Report No.	Revision Data	Summary
V1.0	LCS191016111BS	/	Original Version

Remark

1. Measurement was conducted at voltage AC230V and a stable ambient temperature $25 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$.
2. The report includes: Attachment 2(S) of product photos.

Model list

Model	Rating	LED lamp bead	CCT.
DYNON-15W (3000K)	AC220-240V, 50/60Hz, 15W	-	3000K



IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		P
4.1	General		P
	The exposure limits in this standard apply to continuous sources where the exposure duration is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period, and should be used as guides in the control of exposure. The values should not be regarded as precisely defined lines between safe and unsafe levels.		P
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 ⁴ cd•m ⁻² .		P
4.2	Specific factors involved in the determination and application of retinal exposure limits		P
4.2.1	Pupil diameter		P
4.2.2	Angular subtense of source and measurement field-of-view		P
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		P
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		P
	The limits for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected skin or eye apply to exposure within any 8-hour period.		P
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, <i>E_s</i> , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$E_s \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{\tau} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \leq 30 \quad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$		P
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		P
	$t_{\max} = \frac{30}{E_s} \text{ S}$		P
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for the eye		P

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IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J·m ⁻² for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E _{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W·m ⁻² .		P
	$E_{UVA} \cdot t = \sum_{315}^{400} \sum_t E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \leq 10000$ J·m ⁻²	t < 1000 s	P
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for times less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		P
	$t_{max} \leq \frac{10000}{E_{UVA}} \quad S$		P
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		P
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, B(λ), i.e., the blue light weighted radiance, L _B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$L_B \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_t L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B_{(\lambda)} \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \leq 10^6$ J·m ⁻² ·sr ⁻¹	for t ≤ 10 ⁴ s	N
	$L_B = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B_{(\lambda)} \cdot \Delta \lambda \leq 100 \text{ W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	for t > 10 ⁴ s	P
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source		N
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E _λ , weighted against the blue-light hazard function B(λ) (see Table 4.2) shall not exceed the levels defined by:		N
	$E_B \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_t E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \leq 100$ J·m ⁻²	for t ≤ 100s	N
	$E_B = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \leq 1 \text{ W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$	for t > 100s	N
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		P



IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_{λ} , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(\lambda)$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$L_R = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda \leq \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}} \text{ W}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}\cdot\text{sr}^{-1}$	(10μs ≤ t ≤ 10s)	P
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual stimulus		P
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L_{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		P
	$L_{IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda \leq \frac{6000}{\alpha} \text{ W}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}\cdot\text{sr}^{-1}$	t > 10s	P
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		P
	To avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E_{IR} , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		N
	$E_{IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta\lambda \leq 18000 \cdot t^{-0,75} \text{ W}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$	t ≤ 1000s	N
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		P
	$E_{IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta\lambda \leq 100 \text{ W}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$	t > 1000s	P
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		P
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		P
	$E_H \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_t E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta\lambda \leq 20000 \cdot t^{0,25} \text{ J}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$	t ≤ 10s	P
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEMS		P
5.1	Measurement conditions		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		P
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning).....:		P
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		P
5.1.2	Test environment.....:		P
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in the absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		P
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation.....:		P
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		P
5.1.4	Lamp operation.....:		P
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		P
	--the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		P
	--the lamp manufacturer's recommendation		N
5.1.5	Lamp system operation.....:		P
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with		P
	--the appropriate IEC standard.		P
	-- the lamp manufacturer's recommendation		N
5.2	Measurement procedure		P
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements.....:		P
	minimum input aperture diameter of 7 mm		P
	maximum input aperture diameter of 50 mm		P
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		P
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated		P
5.2.2	Radiance measurements..... :		P
5.2.2.1	Standard method.....:		P
	The measurement made with an optical system		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute incident radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle of acceptance averaged over the field of view (FOV) of the instrument.		P
5.2.2.2	Alternative method.....:		N
	Alternative to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements		N
5.2.3	Measurement of source size.....:		P
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission point of the source		P
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources.....:		N
	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N
5.3	Analysis methods		P
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations.....:		P
	The standardized interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate point at the wavelength intervals desired.		P
5.3.2	Calculations.....:		P
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		P
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty.....:		P
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.		P
6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION		P
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:		P
	for lamps intended for general lighting service (GLS), the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm;		P

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm.		N
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		P
6.1.1	Exempt group	See table 6.1	P
	The exempt group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological. This requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose		P
	--an actinic ultraviolet hazard (<i>E_s</i>) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor		P
	--a near-UV hazard (<i>EUVA</i>) within 1000 s, (about 16 min) nor		P
	--a retinal blue-light hazard (<i>LB</i>) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor		P
	--a retinal thermal hazard (<i>LR</i>) within 10 s, nor		P
	--an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (<i>EIR</i>) within 1000 s.		P
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limited for the except group but that does not pose:		N
	--an actinic ultraviolet hazard (<i>E_s</i>) within 10000 s, nor		N
	--a near ultraviolet hazard (<i>EUVA</i>) within 300 s, nor		N
	--a retinal blue-light hazard (<i>LB</i>) within 100 s, nor		N
	--a retinal thermal hazard (<i>LR</i>) within 10 s, nor		N
	--an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (<i>EIR</i>) within 100 s.		N
	lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus (i.e., less than 10 cd•m ⁻²) and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (<i>LIR</i>), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk).		N
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N
	--an actinic ultraviolet hazard (<i>E_s</i>) within 1000 s exposure, nor		N
	--a near ultraviolet hazard (<i>EUVA</i>) within 100 s, nor		N
	--a retinal blue-light hazard (<i>LB</i>) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor		N

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Clause	Requirement - Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	--a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor		N
	--an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 10 s.		N
	lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus (i.e., less than 10 cd•m ⁻²) and do not pose a near infrared retinal hazard (LIR) within 10 s are in Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk).		N
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk) are in Risk Group3 (High-Risk).		N
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N
	Pulsed lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0.25 second.		N
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer		N
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N
	-- A lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk).		N
	-- For single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group.		N
	-- For repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the Continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission.		N

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Tables

Table 4.1		Spectral weighting function for assessing ultraviolet hazards for skin and eye.		P
Wavelength¹ λ, nm	UV hazard function $SUV(\lambda)$	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard function $SUV(\lambda)$	
200	0,030	313*	0,006	
205	0,051	315	0,003	
210	0,075	316	0,0024	
215	0,095	317	0,0020	
220	0,120	318	0,0016	
225	0,150	319	0,0012	
230	0,190	320	0,0010	
235	0,240	322	0,00067	
240	0,300	323	0,00054	
245	0,360	325	0,00050	
250	0,430	328	0,00044	
254*	0,500	330	0,00041	
255	0,520	333*	0,00037	
260	0,650	335	0,00034	
265	0,810	340	0,00028	
270	1,000	345	0,00024	
275	0,960	350	0,00020	
280	0,960	350	0,00020	
285	0,880	355	0,00016	
290	0,770	360	0,00013	
295	0,540	370	0,00009	
297*	0,460	375	0,000077	
300	0,300	380	0,000064	
303*	0,120	385	0,000053	
305	0,060	390	0,000044	
308	0,026	395	0,000036	
310	0,015	400	0,000030	

1 Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.
* Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



Tables

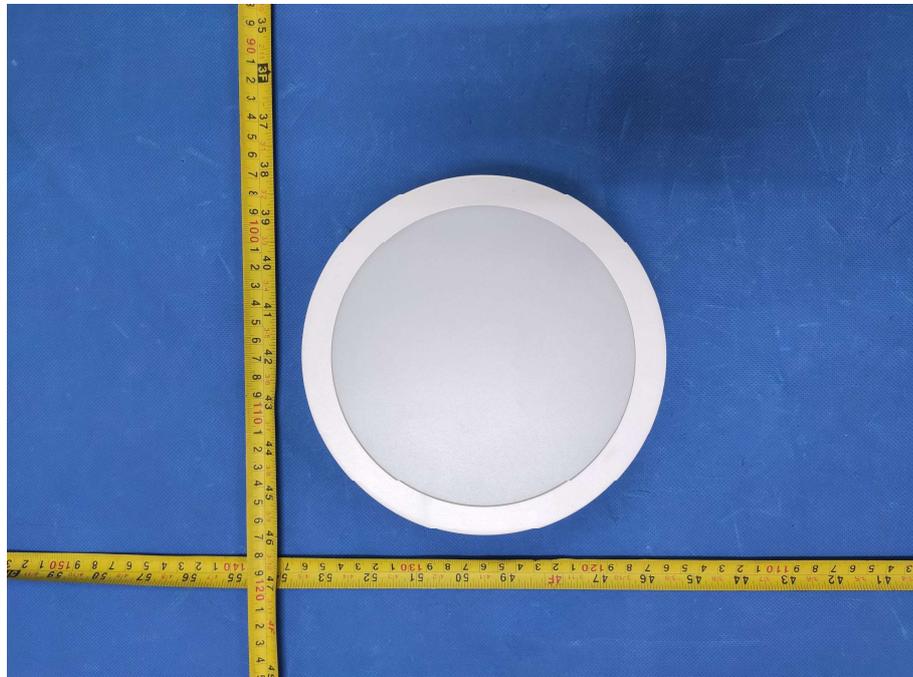
Table 5.5	Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)				P
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in terms of constant irradiance $W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$
Blue light	$L_B = \sum L_\lambda \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda$	300 – 700	0,25 – 10	$0,011 \cdot \sqrt{(t/10)}$	106/t
			10-100	0,011	106/t
			100-10000	$0,0011 \cdot \sqrt{t}$	106/t
			≥ 10000	0,1	100
Retinal thermal	$L_R = \sum L_\lambda \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25	0,0017	$50000/(\alpha \cdot t^{0,25})$
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)	$L_{IR} = \sum L_\lambda \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	$50000/(\alpha \cdot t^{0,25})$ 6000/α

Table 6.1 Lamp 3952		Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps							P
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement					
				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	SUV(λ)	Es	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	0,001	2.8e-06	0.003	-	0.03	-
Near UV		E_{UVA}	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	10	9.9e-06	33	-	100	-
Blue light	B(λ)	L_B	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	100	1.34e+01	10000	-	4000000	-
Blue light, small source	B(λ)	E_B	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	1.0*	-	1,0	-	400	-
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L_R	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	$28000/\alpha$	2.9e+02	$28000/\alpha$	-	$71000/\alpha$	-
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	L_{IR}	$W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	$6000/\alpha$	1.7e+00	$6000/\alpha$	-	$6000/\alpha$	-
IR radiation, eye		E_{IR}	$W \cdot m^{-2}$	100	6.6e-02	570	-	3200	-
* Small source defined as one with $\alpha < 0,011$ radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. ** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source									

Tables

ATTACHMENT 1(S)

Photos of DYNON-15W (3000K)



Tables

ATTACHMENT 2(S)

Photos of DYNON-15W (3000K)



----- End of test report-----

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